

Monday Feb 1st

Warm Up

Group 5 and 1 Present articles to class:
Quiz on articles

1. Within your family, Do you get to make decisions or do your parents get to make all the decisions? Make a list of things your parents decided and the things you decide. Who has more power? Are there any areas where the power is shared?

Activities:

1. What is federalism? System of government in which the written Constitution divides the powers of government on a territorial basis.
2. What are examples of the division of power through federalism? Give local examples
3. What were the framers of government so dedicated to Limited Government?
4. What does the division of powers guarantee?
5. What is a Unitary System and how does it differ from Federalism?
6. What might be some difficulties with the Federalism Approach?
7. What are its strengths?
8. Who does the 10th amendment give the rights to?
9. What are enumerated rights?

Foldable activity:

Divide paper into three columns: Title DELEGATED POWERS

Label for each column: Expressed Powers, Implied Powers, Inherent powers.

Tuesday: Feb 2nd

Warmup: Why did the Framers of the constitution settle on Federalism as the system of government?

Activities:

1. Powers denied to the National Government

- Congress cannot levy duties on exports, prohibit freedoms of 1st amendment, illegal searches and seizures, or deny a person a speedy trial or public trial by jury
- No power to create a public school system for the nation
- No power to enact uniform marriage or divorce laws.

2. Powers Reserved to the States

- Powers that are not granted to National Government but not denied to the states

- Any state can ban marriages under the age of 18
 - Those under 21 to buy liquor
 - Ban the sale of pornography
 - Permit some forms of gambling and prohibit others.
 - Licensing of Professionals
 - Confiscate property that is being used for illegal activities (Drug trafficking).
 - Enact land use laws
 - Restrict profit from public utility companies
 - Police power
- Most of the government done today is by the states
3. Powers denied to the states:
- no state can enter in alliance or confederation
 - no state state can coin money or deprive person of life, liberty and property without due process of law, WHAT IS DUE PROCESS.
 - Cannot tax agencies of the National government.

Copy Chart on Page 93

Read pages 88-95

Do questions 1-7

Wednesday

Group 3 presents Article

Read page 96

Questions 1-3

Activities:

1. Respect for Territorial Integrity: - That national government is constitutionally bound to respect the territorial integrity of the states
 - Only through Riots, National Disasters, human violence has the national government stepped in.
2. Admitting New States
 - Only Congress has the power to admit New States
 - Congress has admitted 37 states
 - 13 were former colonies
 - Procedure:
 - Enabling Act – Directing the people of the state to frame the Constitution ,

- A convention is held by the state to draft the Constitution
- Popular vote by the state
- Approved then sent to Congress
- Congress Passes Act of Admission
- President signs act , and State is Admitted

Activity; Grant Activity Pages 101-103

Grant in Aid Programs
Revenue Sharing
Block Grants
Project Grants

Thursday: Group 4 presents articles to class

Read Pages 105-107

Answer questions 1-6

Pg 109
Questions 1-3

Friday
Test Review

Group Work Trivia Day:

Homework Chapter Review Pg 110
Pg 110, 1-25, 30 and 31