

US History lesson plans for 5/10/10 – 5/14/10

Monday 5/10/10

Chapter 19 test

1950's fashion show and games

Read pages 666 – 673

Tuesday 5/11/10

Warm-up: Based on the picture on page 667, what are some of the problems faced by African Americans in their struggle for full civil rights?

Activities:

1. Segregation is separate everything
Plessey v Ferguson said that separate was legal as long as it was equal, but it never was.
Education was the area that was most segregated and unequal
2. They challenged it in courts
Plessey v Ferguson was overturned by Brown v The Board of Education of Topeka, Kansa, which said that separate, was inherently unequal
3. NAACP used the Supreme Court to fight for Civil Rights by Houston and Marshall
First graduate schools & specialties
Then elementary schools & high schools
Why Topeka Kansas
Outside the south to show national problem
Parents brave enough to sign a petition
Supreme Court gets a new justice Earl Warren from California
Chief justice Warren said that the decision should be unanimous
4. Who resisted Brown
80% disliked
South white students refused to attend school with African Americans
Ku Klux Klan reemerges and White Citizen Councils
450 laws to prevent enforcement
Southern Manifesto (LBJ)
Eisenhower resisted integration and didn't endorse Brown
5. Little Rock, Arkansas complies
9 AA students to Central High
Gov. Faubus sends troops to protect school
Eisenhower denies 1-year delay
The National Guard was pulled
Eisenhower sends in National Troops to protect
6. Read pages 674 – 689 and do questions on pages 689 & 679

Wednesday 5/12/10

Warm-up: Why was Rosa Parks actions considered successful even though she was found guilty and fined?

Activities:

1. What strategies did the Southern Christian Leadership Conference use to counter segregation in the south?
Boycotts
 Buses in Montgomery Alabama
 It was successful because AA were the majority to use buses
 Used carpooling rolling churches Lloyds of London
2. Creating the SCLC Southern Christian Leadership Conference
 Extend lessons to other Southern Cities
3. Use Nonviolence came from Gandhi
 Investigation
 Negotiations
 Publicity
 And demonstration
4. Sit-ins
 4 students sat at a Woolworth lunch counter
 Sat all day and came back the next with 27 more
 1,600 students by Sunday
 Two months then massive boycott of store
 6 months later finally served
 78 communities had sit-ins by 1960 70,000 involved
5. Students on college campuses
 Held protests, sit-ins, and boycotts, demonstrations
6. SNCC
 Ella Baker helped to form the student organization
 Use civil disobedience
 Get AA registered to vote
7. How did politics shape JFK's Civil Rights policy
 LBJ was a segregationist Texan
 Made an all out effort to gain the AA vote
 MLK arrested at an Atlanta sit-in and sent to 4 month hard labor
 Kennedy phones judge on his behalf
 Nixon did nothing
8. Freedom Rides
 Integrated buses riding from Atlanta to Montgomery attacked by buses
 RFK makes Alabama Gov protect the riders
9. JFK didn't support civil rights in his first two years in office
 JFK promises jobs and the ability to vote (little accomplished)
 JFK appointed a number of AA to his administration, invited them to White House
10. Militants force JFK's hand
 Freedom Riders
 James Farmer CORE interracial group to test if bus stations have been integrated
 DC to New Orleans
 1st leg goes well

Anniston Alabama 1 bus gets firebombed
RFK intervenes in Montgomery AL
Freedom Riders insist on going to Jackson MS
JFK makes a deal to not send in feds if gov guarantees safety
No violence, but Freedom Riders arrested for trespassing
Riders kept coming and getting arrested
ICC finally rules that segregation of interstate facilities is illegal
Voter education Project
RFK calls for a meeting of SCLC, SNCC< CORE< and NAACP
SNCC mainly ran it
Workshops
Accompanied eligible voters
White southerners responded by
Flunking them
Changing registration dates
Church bombings
RFK and the Justice Department promise money and protection
Fail to cause militants to become disenfranchised with

Kennedy

Birmingham becomes the hot bed for protest

Good Friday Bull Connor has MLK arrested for trespassing and jailed for two weeks. He writes his famous letter from a Birmingham Jail letter

Uses children in protests to swing public opinion

Arrested children

Attack dogs

Department stores agree to desegregate but violence breaks out with bombs and riots

Kennedy throws in with MLK

June 11, 1963 Kennedy federalizes Al National Guard forcing two AA into UofA

JFK goes on TV and says that he will be supporting a Civil Rights Bill

Megar Evers is killed that night

August 1963 MLK organizes a march on Washington where he gives his famous "I Have A Dream Speech"

JFK is assassinated on Nov 22 1963

LBJ is sworn into the presidency and carries forth the Civil Right Bill 1964

Senate wants to filibuster but Republican Dirksen from IL ends it

A protest in Selma is planned to get the 15th Amendment enforced

Why

Jim Clark

George Wallace

600 people defy Wallace's order and marched and were attacked

by Clark's men

King plans to lead a second one, so LBJ proposes another Civil

Rights Bill 1965

Thursday 5/13/10

Warm-up: Why might a large group split into small groups?

Activities:

1. Read pages 690 – 695 and do the questions on pages 695
2. SNCC changes direction 4 young girls killed in church bombing, 3 civil rights workers killed
 - 3 key issues
 - Role of white volunteers
 - Black separation
 - Discontinuing the use of nonviolence
 - MFDP is formed and asks to be recognized but is not
 - Herbert Humphrey sidetracks it
3. Black Pride
 - Ralph Bunche
 - Malcolm X Black Separation Black Muslims
 - Stockley Carmichael Black Panthers support the use of weapons
4. Summers seemed to ignite riots in Northern Cities
 - Watts
 - Arrest of young AA in 1965 lead to a riot that lasted 6 days
 - Detroit in 1967 7,000 arrested
 - Newark 1967

 - Kerner Report two separate Americas
 - Racial attitudes of white American to Black Americans
 - Frustrate hope of AA
 - Approval of violence
 - AA felt powerless
5. MLK is assassinated in 1968 and riots broke out in 130 ghettos
 - Just prior to his death he gave the Famous Mountain top speech
6. 14 years between Brown and King's death (Second Reconstruction) much Civil Right progress is made, but people tired of the violence, had Vietnam to think about
How did African Americans' attitudes change?

Friday 5/14/10

Do pages 696 – 697 prepare for test on Monday